

# syngenta.

GROUP 7 3 FUNGICIDES



Product registration number: MAPP 19544 UFI: 52Q0-E02H-K000-2YM6

ASCERNITY® is a soluble concentration formulation containing 23.6 g/l benzovindiflupyr and 78.8 g/l difenoconazole.

A broad spectrum foliar fungicide with both contact and systemic properties for moderate control of Fusarium Patch (*Microdochium nivale*) and a reduction in levels of Dollar Spot (*Sclerotinia homoeocarpa*) and Anthracnose (*Colletotrichum graminicola*) on golf greens and tees and sports turf (stadiums and intensively managed sports turf).

The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations may apply to the use of this product at work.

# **Approval Holder and Marketing Company**

Syngenta UK Limited CPC4, Capital Park, Fulbourn, Cambridge, CB21 5XE Tel: (1223) 883400

In case of toxic or transport emergency ring +44 (0) 1484 538444 anytime

PROTECT FROM FROST SHAKE WELL BEFORE USE

This product label is compliant with the CPA Voluntary Initiative (VI) guidance.

The Voluntary Initiative

L1109069 GBRI/09B PPE 4191308

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# 3 litres

#### **ASCERNITY®**

A soluble concentrate formulation containing 23.6 g/l benzovindiflupyr and 78.8 g/l difenoconazole.

#### Warning

Harmful if swallowed

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

Harmful if inhaled

May cause respiratory irritation

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Avoid breathing mist

Wash the skin thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing /eve protection/face protection

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Collect spillage.

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment comply with the instructions for use.

MAPP 19544 UFI: 52Q0-E02H-K000-2YM6

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR LISE ONLY AS A PROFESSIONAL FUNGICIDE

FUN USE UNLI AS P	INLT AS A PROFESSIONAL PONDICIDE				
Crops/	Maximum	Maximum total	Maximum	Latest time of	Aquatic buffer
situations	individual dose:	dose: (I product/	number of	application:	zone distance
	(I product / ha)	ha / year)	treatments:		(metres):
Managed amenity	3	6	2 per year	Established turf	6
turf (golf greens					
and tees and					
enorte turf)					

# Other specific restrictions:

- A minimum interval of 14 days must be observed between applications
- . This product must not be applied via hand-held equipment.
- Buffer zones greater than 5m are NOT eligible for buffer zone reduction under the LERAP scheme.
- Low drift spraying equipment must be operated according to the specific conditions stated in the
  official three star rating for that equipment as published on HSE Chemicals Regulation Division's
  website. These operating conditions must be maintained until the operator is 30m from the top of the
  bank of any surface water bodies.
- When applied to enclosed professional sports turf, application must only be made where access to wildlife is extremely limited.

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.

#### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

#### (a) Operator protection

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment:

Operators must WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND FACE PROTECTION (FACESHIELD) when handling the concentrate.

However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows that they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.

### (b) Environmental protection

To protect aquatic organisms, respect an unsprayed buffer zone to surface water bodies as specified for the crop.

HORIZONTAL BOOM SPRAYERS MUST BE FITTED WITH THREE STAR DRIFT REDUCING TECHNOLOGY for all uses.

Low drift spraying equipment must be operated according to the specific conditions stated in the official three star rating for that equipment as published on HSE Chemicals Regulation Directorate's website. Maintain three star operating conditions until 30 m from the top of the bank of any surface water bodies

Crops/situations with >5m buffer zone:

Since there is a risk to aquatic life from use, direct spray from horizontal boom sprayers must not be allowed to fall within the distance specified for the crop of the top of the bank of any static or flowing waterbody or within 1m of the top of a ditch which is dry at the time of application. Spray must be aimed away from water. Buffer zones must be measured in accordance with the guidance set out in the booklet 'Local Environment Risk Assessment for Pesticides - Horizontal Boom Sprayers' available from HSE Chemicals Regulation Division's website and any amendments made to it.

The results of the LERAP must be recorded in written form and must be available for a period of three years for inspection to any person entitled to exercise enforcement powers under or in connection with the Plant Protection Products Regulations 2011 or the Plant Protection Products (Sustainable Use) Regulations 2012. (An electronic record will satisfy the requirement for a written record, providing it is similarly available for inspection and can be copied).

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains.

# (c) Storage and disposal

KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a safe place RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of safely.

DO NOT RE-USE CONTAINER for any purpose.

This leaflet is part of the approved Product Label.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be carefully read in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

ASCERNITY® is a soluble liquid formulation containing 23.6 g/l benzovindiflupyr and 78.9 g/l difenoconazole.

#### RESTRICTIONS

Prevent spray drift on to surrounding areas.

DO NOT apply to turf under heat or moisture stress.

For all applications, avoid spraying within 10m of unmanaged land (including rough grassland) to reduce effects on non-target insects or other arthropods.

#### DISEASES CONTROLLED

ASCERNITY is a contact and systemic fungicide which:

Moderately controls Fusarium Patch (Microdochium nivale)

Reduces levels of Anthracnose (Colletotrichum graminicola)
Reduces levels of Dollar Spot (Sclerotinia homoeocarpa)

For optimum turf quality and disease control, use ASCERNITY in conjunction with turf management practices that promote good plant health.

Correct identification of the disease(s) is essential in selecting the most appropriate control measures

# **CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION**

Apply when conditions are favourable for disease infection, or at the very beginning of disease symptom expression.

# Crop Tolerance

When used as recommended, ASCERNITY is well tolerated by all common turf grass species but safety to newly sown turf has not been established.

# Rates of Use

Apply ASCERNITY at 3 litres per hectare in 125-500 litres water per hectare. For spot treatments, use 30 ml ASCERNITY per 5 litres water per 100 sq. metres.

# Timing

Apply as a preventative spray when conditions become favourable to disease development.

#### RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

In order to minimise the likelihood of the development of resistance, it is recommended that ASCERNITY should be used in a programme with products of different chemical groups.

Ascernity contains difenconazole and benzovindiflupyr.

Difenoconazole is a DMI (DeMethylation Inhibitor) or SBI (Sterol Biosynthesis Inhibitor) fungicide (MoA group G1, FRAC code 3)

Benzovindiflupyr is a Succinate DeHydrogenase Inhibitor (SDHI) fungicides (MoA group C2, FRAC code 7). Applications should be made in accordance with FRAG-UK guidelines

Apply ASCERNITY at full recommended rates. Utilize management practices, which encourage healthy turf and reduce turf stress.

### APPLICATION

### VOLUME OF WATER AND SPRAYING

This product may be applied through pedestrian controlled sprayers or vehicle mounted/drawn equipment. Application equipment should be calibrated before use.

ASCERNITY is recommended to be applied in 125-500 litres water/ha using vehicle mounted/trailed sprayers.

#### MIXING AND SPRAYING

<u>Tractor-mounted/trailed sprayers:</u> Make sure the sprayer is set to give an even application at the correct volume and an even deposit. Half fill the spray tank with the required volume of clean water and start agitation. Add the required amount of ASCERNITY to the spray tank. Agitate the mixture thoroughly before use and continue agitation during spraying. Thoroughly wash all spray equipment with water immediately after use. Effectiveness using three star drift reduction technology may be reduced.

Thoroughly wash all spraying equipment immediately after use.

Wash out containers thoroughly, preferably using an integrated pressure rinsing device, or manually rinse three times. Add washings to the sprayer at the time of filling. Complete filling to the required volume and continue to agitate throughout the spraying operation.

Do not leave the spray liquid in the sprayer for long periods (such as during meal breaks or overnight). Make up only the amount of spray required for immediate use.

## AFTER SPRAYING

Thoroughly wash out sprayer according to manufacturer's guidelines and dispose of washings and clean containers according to local Code of Practice and local water authority guidelines.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

- Some diseases can quickly damage turf. Treatment at a late stage of disease development will be more difficult and can leave bare soil patches needing renovation.
- Use preventative sprays, especially against diseases which occur in winter and early spring.
- 3. If diseases recur regularly, check management practices, especially fertilizer treatment as this can affect disease occurrence if either in excess or deficient.

# This product is to be used only in accordance with the recommendations and instructions given on the labels provided with this pack.

For further information please see www.greencast.co.uk

ASCERNITY® is a trade mark of a Syngenta Group Company.

# Section 6 of the Health and Safety at Work Act Additional Product Safety Information

(This section does not form part of the product label under the Plant Protection Products Regulations 1995)

The product label provides information on a specific pesticidal use of the product; do not use otherwise, unless you have assessed any potential hazard involved, the safety measures required and that the particular use has 'Extension of Use' approval or is otherwise permitted under the Plant Protection Products Regulations.

The information on this label is based on the best available information including data from test results.

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET - V1.1

# SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: ASCERNITY Design code: A19188B

Product Registration Number: MAPP 19544

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Use of the Substance/Mixture: Fungicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Company

Company: Syngenta UK Limited

CPC4, Capital Park, Fulbourn, Cambridge CB21 5XE, United Kingdom

Telephone: +44 (0) 1223 883400 Telefax: +44 (0) 1223 882195

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS: customer.services@syngenta.com

#### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute toxicity, Category 4 - H302: Harmful if swallowed.

Eye irritation, Category 2 - H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1 - H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1 - H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H332: Harmful if inhaled

H315: Causes skin irritation.

# 2.2 Label elements Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms		***************************************
Hazard Statements	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
	H315	Causes skin irritation.
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
0	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  To avoid risks to human health and the environment
Supplemental Hazard Statements	EUH401	
Precautionary		comply with the instructions for use.
Statements	P261	Avoid breathing mist
Statements	P264	Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/
	F200	eye protection/face protection.
	P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P391	Collect spillage.
	P501	Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazard-
		ous-waste disposal contractor or collection site ex-
		cept for empty triple rinsed clean containers which
		can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

## 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS 3.2 Mixtures

# Components

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, butyl ester, (2S)-	34451-19-9 205-316-4	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 30 - < 50
difenoconazole	119446-68-3	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10	>= 2.5 - < 10
benzovindiflupyr (ISO)	1072957-71-1 616-218-00-X 01-2119929229-31	Acute Tox. 3; H301 Acute Tox. 3; H331 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 100	>= 1 - < 2.5

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General advice:** Have the product container, label or Safety Data Sheet with you when calling the emergency number, a poison control center or physician, or going for treatment.

If inhaled: Move the victim to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

In case of skin contact: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed symptoms**Symptoms: Nonspecific. No symptoms known or expected.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treatment: There is no specific antidote available. Treat symptomatically.

#### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES.

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguishing media - small fires

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing media - large fires

Use alcohol-resistant foam or water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

# 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting: As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion (see section 10). Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment: Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

#### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Clean

contaminated surface thoroughly. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal considerations see section 13., Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8

#### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling: No special protective measures against fire required. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. For personal protection see section 8.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers: No special storage conditions required. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s): For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

# SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

# Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, butyl ester, (2S)-	34451-19-9	OELV - 8 hrs (TWA)	5 ppm 25 mg/m3	IE OEL
	Further information: Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit value should be used			
difenoconazole	119446-68-3	TWA	5 mg/m3	Syngenta
benzovindiflupyr (ISO)	1072957-71-1	TWA	1 mg/m3	Syngenta

# Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
benzovindiflupyr (ISO)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	0.478 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	1.13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	3.33 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	0.119 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	1.67 mg/kg
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	0.049 mg/kg

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
benzovindiflupyr (ISO)	Fresh water	0.000095 mg/l
	Secondary poisoning	2 mg/kg
	Soil	0.041 mg/kg
	Marine water	0.000009 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.053 mg/kg
	Sewage treatment plant	100 mg/l
	Marine sediment	0.005 mg/kg

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated. The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use. If airborne dust is generated, use local exhaust ventilation controls. Assess exposure and use any additional measures to keep airborne levels below any relevant exposure limit. Where necessary, seek additional occupational hydiene advice.

## Personal protective equipment

Eye protection: Tightly fitting safety goggles

Always wear eye protection when the potential for inadvertent eye contact with the product cannot be excluded. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

# Hand protection

Remarks: No special protective equipment required.

Skin and body protection: No special protective equipment required.

Select skin and body protection based on the physical job requirements.

Respiratory protection: No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Protective measures:** The use of technical measures should always have priority over the use of personal protective equipment. When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appropriate professional advice.

#### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: liquid

Colour: No data available
Odour Threshold: No data available
pH: No data available

Flash-Point: 80 °C. Method: Pensky-Martens closed cup

Evaporation rate: No data available Flammability (solid, gas): No data available Lower explosion limit: No data available Upper explosion limit: No data available Vapour pressure: No data available Relative vapour density: No data available Density: 1.054 a/cm3 Solubility in other solvents: No data available Partition Coefficient No data available

n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature: 335 °C

Decomposition temperature: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
Explosive Properties: Not explosive

Oxidising properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other Information
No data available

#### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1 Reactivity

None reasonably foreseeable.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: No decomposition if used as directed.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: None known.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure: Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact Acute toxicity

Product: Acute oral toxicity:

LD50 (Rat): 1.030 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat. male and female): > 2.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute

inhalation toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials LD50 (Rat, male and female); > 5.000 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Components: difenoconazole: Acute oral toxicity:

LD50 (Rat, male and female): 1,453 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic

after single ingestion.

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 3,300 mg/m3

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute

inhalation toxicity

LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2,010 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity:

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal.

toxicity benzovindiflupyr (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity:

LD50 (Rat, female): 55 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimate: 100.0 mg/kg

Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat. male and female): > 0.56 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

LD50 (Rat. male and female); > 2.000 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity:

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal.

toxicity

# Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### Components:

Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, butyl ester, (2S)-:

Result: Irritating to skin. difenoconazole:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
benzovindiflupyr (ISO):

Species : Rabbit Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Components:

Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, butyl ester, (2S)-:

Result : Eye irritation difenoconazole: Species : Rabbit

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days

benzovindiflupyr (ISO): Species : Rabbit Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Test Type : Buehler Test

Species : Rabbit

Result : Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Components: difenoconazole:

Species : Guinea pig

Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

benzovindiflupyr (ISO):

Test Type: mouse lymphoma cells

Species: Mouse

Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components: difenoconazole:

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

benzovindiflupyr (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

### Carcinogenicity

#### Components:

#### difenoconazole:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen, In a two-year feeding study of mice, an oncogenic effect was seen in the livers of males and females., The observed tumors do not appear to be relevant for men.

# benzovindiflupyr (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen, This substance has been reported to cause tumours in certain animal species., There is no evidence that these findings are relevant to humans.

#### Reproductive toxicity

## Components:

## difenoconazole:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: No toxicity to reproduction

#### benzovindiflupyr (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: No toxicity to reproduction

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Components:

#### benzovindiflupyr (ISO):

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

# STOT - repeated exposure

### Components:

## benzovindiflupyr (ISO):

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

## Repeated dose toxicity

## Components:

#### difenoconazole:

Remarks: No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

#### benzovindiflupyr (ISO):

Remarks: No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

# **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 12.1 Toxicity

# Components:

Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, butyl ester, (2S)-:

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Fish): 75 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity: This product has no known ecotoxicological effects. Chronic aquatic toxicity: This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

difenoconazole:

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.1 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.77 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

EC50 (Americamysis): 0.15 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aguatic plants: EC50 (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)):

0.091 ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 0.053 ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 0.0876 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)):

0.0086 ma/l Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10

EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h NOEC: 0.0076 mg/l

Exposure time: 34 d Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):

Toxicity to microorganisms:

(Chronic toxicity):

NOEC: 0.0056 ma/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

NOEC: 0.0023 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d Species: Americamysis

M-Factor

(Chronic aquatic toxicity):

benzovindiflupyr (ISO):

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)):

10

0.0091 ma/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 0.0035 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Americamysis): 0.056 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green

alga)): > 0.89 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green

alga)): 0.42 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)):

0.55 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)):

0.4 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC: 0.00095 mg/l Exposure time: 32 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: Early-life Stage

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity): NOEC: 0.015 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

NOEC: 0.0074 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d Species: Americamysis

M-Factor

(Chronic aquatic toxicity): 100
12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, butyl ester, (2S)-: Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.

difenoconazole:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water : Degradation half life: 1 d

Remarks: Product is not persistent.

benzovindiflupyr (ISO):

Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

difenoconazole:

Bioaccumulation: Remarks: High bioaccumulation potential. Partition coefficient: n octanol/water: log Pow: 4.4 (25 °C)

benzovindiflupyr (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate

Partition coefficient: n octanol/water: log Pow: 4.3 (25 °C)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components: difenoconazole:

Distribution among environ mental compartments: Remarks: Low mobility in soil.

Stability in soil: Dissipation time: 149 - 187 d

Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50) Remarks: Product is not persistent.

benzovindiflupyr (ISO):

Distribution among environ mental compartments: Remarks: Slightly mobile in soils.

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

# Product:

Assessment: This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent. bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## Components:

difenoconazole:

Assessment: This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB). This substance is not considered to be persistent. bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

benzovindiflupyr (ISO):

Assessment: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

#### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>: Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging: Empty remaining contents. Triple rinse containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

Waste Code: 150110, packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances.

#### SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number ADN: UN 3082 ADR: UN 3082 RID: UN 3082 IMDG: UN 3082

IATA: UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

(BENZOVINDIFLUPYR AND DIFENOCONAZOLE)

ADR: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

(BENZOVINDIFLUPYR AND DIFENOCONAZOLE)

RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

(BENZOVINDIFLUPYR AND DIFENOCONAZOLE)

IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

(BENZOVINDIFLUPYR AND DIFENOCONAZOLE)

IATA: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (BENZOVINDIFLUPYR AND DIFENOCONAZOLE)

# 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN: 9
ADR: 9
RID: 9
IMDG: 9
IATA: 9

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group: III

Classification Code: M6

Hazard Identification Number: 90

Labels: 9

#### ADR

Packing group: III

Classification Code: M6

Hazard Identification Number: 90

Labels: 9

Tunnel restriction code: (-)

RID

Packing group: III

Classification Code: M6

Hazard Identification Number: 90

Labels: 9

Packing group: III

Labels: 9

EmS Code: F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964

Packing instruction (LQ): Y964

Packing group: III

Labels: Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964

Packing instruction (LQ): Y964

Packing group: III

Labels: Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards
ADN

Environmentally hazardous: ves

ADR

Environmentally hazardous: yes

RID

Environmentally hazardous: yes

Enviro IMDG

Marine pollutant: ves

IATA (Passenger)

Environmentally hazardous: yes

IATA (Cargo)

Environmentally hazardous: yes

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

# 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII): Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3 REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59): Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV): Not applicable Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not applicable Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants: Not applicable Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals: Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Quantity 1 Quantity 2

E1 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

100 t 200 t

# Other regulations:

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work. Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

#### SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Full text of H-statements

H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Fatal if inhaled.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.: Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute: Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic: Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Irrit.: Eye irritation Skin Irrit.: Skin irritation

GB EH40: UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

GB EH40 / TWA: Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road: AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances: ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials: bw - Body weight: CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation: DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada): ECHA - European Chemicals Agency: EC-Number - European Community number: ECx - Concentration associated with x% response: ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS -Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer: IATA - International Air Transport Association: IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk: IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration: ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization: ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECL - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory: LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population: LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration: NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level: NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT -Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance: PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail: SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature: SDS - Safety Data Sheet: SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern: TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory: TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Further information

Classification of the	mixture:	Classification procedure:
Acute Tox. 4	H302	Based on product data or assessment
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Based on product data or assessment
Aquatic Acute 1	H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410	Calculation method
	H332	
	H315	21
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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Product names are a trademark or registered trademark of a Syngenta Group Company.

#### **ASCERNITY®**

A soluble concentrate formulation containing 23.6 g/l benzovindiflupyr and 78.8 g/l difenoconazole.

#### Warning

Harmful if swallowed

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation Harmful if inhaled

May cause respiratory irritation

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Avoid breathing mist

Wash the skin thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing /eye protection/face protection

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Collect spillage.

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment comply with the instructions for use.

MAPP 19544 UFI: 52Q0-E02H-K000-2YM6

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR LISE ONLY AS A PROFESSIONAL FUNGICIDE

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	Crops/ situations		Maximum total dose: (I product/			Aquatic buffer zone distance	
l		(I product / ha)	ha / year)	treatments:		(metres):	
	Managed amenity turf (golf greens and tees and	3	6	2 per year	Established turf	6	

# Other specific restrictions:

- A minimum interval of 14 days must be observed between applications
- . This product must not be applied via hand-held equipment.
- Buffer zones greater than 5m are NOT eligible for buffer zone reduction under the LERAP scheme.
- Low drift spraying equipment must be operated according to the specific conditions stated in the
  official three star rating for that equipment as published on HSE Chemicals Regulation Division's
  website. These operating conditions must be maintained until the operator is 30m from the top of the
  bank of any surface water bodies.
- When applied to enclosed professional sports turf, application must only be made where access to wildlife is extremely limited.

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.