

Version 2 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 25.01.2011

## SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : INSTRATA

Design code : A14036B

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use : Fungicide

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Company** Syngenta UK Limited

CPC4, Capital Park Fulbourn, Cambridge

**CB21 5XE** 

**Telephone** : (01223) 883400 **Telefax** : (01223) 882195

Website : www.greencast.co.uk

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44 (0) 1484 538444

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008

Category 2	H315
Category 1	H317
Category 2	H319
Category 2	H351
Category 4	H332
Category 1	H400
Category 1	H410
	Category 1 Category 2 Category 2 Category 4 Category 1

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Xn, Harmful

N, Dangerous for the environment

R20: Harmful by inhalation.

R36/38: Irritating to eyes and skin.

R40: Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. R43: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

R50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Version 2 Page 1 of 11



Version 2 - This version replaces all previous versions. Revision Date 25.01.2011

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

## Hazard pictograms







Signal word	Warning	
Hazard statements	:H315 :H317 :H318 :H332 :H351 :H410	Causes skin irritation.  May cause an allergic skin reaction.  Causes serious eye damage.  Harmful if inhaled.  Suspected of causing cancer.  Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	:P102 :P270 :P280	Keep out of reach of children.  Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
	:P302/P352 :P391 :P501	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Collect spillage. Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

with the instructions for use.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

:EUH401

chlorothalonil

Supplemental Information

propiconazole

Labelling: EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

## Symbol(s)





HARMFUL R-phrase(s)

DANGEROUS FOR THE ENVIRONMENT

) R20 Harmful by inhalation. R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin

R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. R43 May cause sensitization by skin contact.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects

To avoid risks to human health and the environment comply

in the aquatic environment.

Version 2 Page 2 of 11



Version 2 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 25.01.2011

S-phrase(s)	S2	Keep out of the reach of children	Ī
	S13	Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs	
	S20/21	When using do not eat, drink or smoke	
	S23	Do not breathe spray.	
	S35	This material and its container must be disposed or in a safe way	
	S36/37	Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.	
	S57	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination	
Special labelling of	of certain	To avoid risks to man and the environment, comply with instructions for	
mixtures		use.	

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- chlorothalonil
- propiconazole

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration
chlorothalonil	1897-45-6 217-588-1	T+, N R26 R37 R40 R41 R43 R50/53	Carc.2; H351 Acute Tox.2; H330 Acute Tox.2; H330 STOT SE3; H335 Eye Dam.1; H318 Skin Sens.1; H317 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	29.9 % w/w
propiconazole	60207-90-1 262-104-4	Xn, N R22 R43 R50/53	Acute Tox.4; H302 Skin Sens.1; H317 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	4.7 % w/w
fludioxonil	131341-86-1	N R50/53	Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	1.2 % w/w
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-[tris(1-phenylethyl) phenyl]-omega-hydroxy	99734-09-5 70559-25-0	R52/53	Aquatic Chronic3; H412	1 – 5 % w/w
poly(oxy-1,2- ethanediyl), alpha- phosphono- omega-[2,4,6- tris(1- phenylethyl)phenoxy]-	90093-37-1 114535-82-9	Xi R36	Eye Irrit.2; H319	1 – 5 % w/w
Propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6 200-338-0	-	-	0 – 1 % w/w

Substances for which there are Community workplace exposure limits.

For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Version 2 Page 3 of 11



Version 2 - This version replaces all previous versions. Revision Date 25.01.2011

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Have the product container, label or Material Safety Data Sheet with

you when calling the Syngenta emergency number, a poison control

center or physician, or going for treatment.

Inhalation : Move the victim to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped,

administer artificial respiration. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a

physician or poison control centre immediately.

Skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off immediately

with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash

contaminated clothing before re-use.

**Eye contact** : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at

least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container

or label. Do NOT induce vomiting.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed symptoms:

No information available.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Medical advice** :There is no specific antidote available. Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media - small fires

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing media - large fires

Use alcohol-resistant foam or water spray.

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of

combustion (see section 10). Exposure to decomposition products may

be a hazard to health.

## 5.3 Advice for fire-fighters:

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Cool

closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

## **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by

Version 2 Page 4 of 11



Version 2 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 25.01.2011

wet-brushing and transfer to a container for disposal according to local (see section 13). Do not create a powder cloud by using a brush or compressed air. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Refer to disposal considerations listed in section 13.

## **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

No special protective measures against fire required. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. For personal protection see section 8.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No special storage conditions required. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Registered Crop Protection products: For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Components	Exposure limit(s)	Type of exposure limit	Source
chlorothalonil	0.1 mg/m3	8 h TWA	SYNGENTA
propiconazole	8 mg/m3	8 h TWA	SYNGENTA
fludioxonil	10 mg/m3	8 h TWA	SYNGENTA
propane-1,2-diol	10 mg/m3 (Particulates) 150 ppm, 470 mg/m3 (Total (vapour & particulates))	8 h TWA 8 h TWA	UK HSE UK HSE

The following recommendations for exposure controls/personal protection are intended for the manufacture, formulation and packaging of the product.

## 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures** : Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection

measure if exposure cannot be eliminated. The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use. If airborne dust is generated, use local exhaust ventilation controls. Assess exposure and use any additional measures to keep airborne levels below any relevant exposure limit. Where necessary, seek additional

occupational hygiene advice.

Protective measures The use of technical measures should always have priority over the use

of personal protective equipment. When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appropriate professional advice. Personal protective

equipment should be certified to appropriate standards.

**Respiratory protection** A particulate filter respirator may be necessary until effective

technicalmeasures are installed. Protection provided by air-purifying

Version 2 Page 5 of 11



Version 2 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 25.01.2011

respirators is limited. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in cases of emergency spills, when exposure levels are unknown, or under any

circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Hand protection Chemical resistant gloves should be used. Gloves should be certified to

an appropriate standard. Gloves should have a minimum breakthrough time that is appropriate to the duration of exposure. The breakthrough

time of gloves varies according to the thickness, material and

manufacturer. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. Suitable material

Nitrile rubber.

Eye protection

Skin and body protection

If eye contact is possible, use tight-fitting chemical safety goggles. Assess the exposure and select chemical resistant clothing based on the potential for contact and the permeation / penetration characteristics of the clothing material. Wash with soap and water after removing protective clothing. Decontaminate clothing before re-use, or use disposable equipment (suits, aprons, sleeves, boots, etc.). Wear as

appropriate: impervious protective suit..

#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical State** : Liquid Form liquid Colour : grey : aromatic Odour

Odour Threshold : No data available рΗ : 5.5 at 1 % w/v (25 °C) Melting point/range : No data available Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : > 100 °C at 741 – 749 mmHg Pensky-Martens c.c.

**Evaporation rate** : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available Lower explosion limit : No data available Upper explosion limit : No data available : No data available Vapour pressure : No data available Relative vapour density **Density** : 1.20 g/ml at 20 °C

**Solubility in other solvents** : No data available : No data available

**Partition Coefficient** 

Autoignition temperature

n-octanol/water

: >650 °C

Thermal decomposition : No data available : 903 mPa.s at 20 °C Viscosity, dynamic : No data available Viscosity, kinematic Explosive properties : Not explosive Oxidizing properties : Not oxidising

9.2 Other Information

No data available

## **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1 Reactivity : No information available

Version 2 Page 6 of 11



Version 2 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 25.01.2011

**10.2 Chemical Stability** : No information available

10.3 Possibility of hazardous : None known. Hazardous polymerisation does not

reactions occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : No information available

**10.5** Incompatible materials : No information available

**10.6** Hazardous decomposition : Combustion or thermal decomposition will evolve

toxic and irritant vapours.

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

products

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 female rat, 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalational toxicity

LC50 male rat, 0.52 – 2.01 mg/l, 4 h.

LD50 male and female rat, > 5,000 mg/kg.

Skin corrosion/irritation : rabbit: irritating
Serious eye damage/eye : rabbit: irritating

irritation

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**: Buehler Test guinea pig: a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

chlorothalonil
 propiconazole
 fludioxonil
 Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments.
 Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments.
 Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments.

Carcinogenicity

**Chlorothalonil** : Chlorothalonil causes kidney tumours in rats and mice via a non-

gentoxic mode of action secondary to target organ toxicity.

Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments.

Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments.

Reproductive toxicity

propiconazole

fludioxonil

chlorothalonil : Did not show reproductive toxicity effects in animal experiments.
 propiconazole fludioxonil Did not show reproductive toxicity effects in animal experiments.
 Did not show reproductive toxicity effects in animal experiments.
 Did not show reproductive toxicity effects in animal experiments.
 The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure.

STOT – repeated exposure

chlorothalonil
 propiconazole
 fludioxonil
 No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.
 No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.
 No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

**Toxicity to fish** : LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 0.155 mg/l, 96 h

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates : EC50 Daphnia magna (water flea), 0.45 mg/l, 48 h

Toxicity to aquatic plants : EbC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 0.36 mg/l, 72 h

ErC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 2.05 mg/l, 72 h

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability

fludioxonil : Not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water :

chlorothalonil Degradation half life: < 5 dat 20 °C. Not persistent in water

Version 2 Page 7 of 11



Version 2 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 25.01.2011

propiconazole Degradation half life: 28 - 64 d. Stable in water fludioxonil Degradation half life: 450 - 700 d. Stable in water.

Stability in soil :

Chlorothalonil Degradation half life: ca. 7 d. Not persistent in soil.

Propiconazole Degradation half life: 66 - 170 d. Not persistent in soil.

Degradation half life: 14 d. Not persistent in soil.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

chlorothalonil : Chlorothalonil has low potential for bioaccumulation

propiconazole Low to medium mobility in soil. fludioxonil Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

chlorothalonil : Chlorothalonil has low to slight mobility in soil

propiconazole Low to medium mobility in soil. fludioxonil Fludioxonil is immobile in soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

: This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product** : Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in

compliance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents. Triple rinse containers. Empty

containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1	UN Number	:	UN 3082
14.2	UN proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(CHLOROTHALONIL AND FLUDIOXONIL)
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	:	9
14.4	Packing Group	;	III
Label	S	:	9
14.5	Environmental hazards	:	Environmentally hazardous

#### Sea transport(IMDG)

14.1	UN Number	:	UN 3082
14.2	UN proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(CHLOROTHALONIL AND FLUDIOXONIL)
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	:	9
14.4	Packing Group	;	III
Label	S	:	9
14.5	Environmental hazards	:	Marine pollutant

## Airtransport (IATA-DGR)

	14.1	UN Number	:	UN 3082	
Ve	ersion 2	2		Page 8 of 11	



Version 2 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 25.01.2011

14.2	UN proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(CHLOROTHALONIL AND FLUDIOXONIL)
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	:	9
14.4	Packing Group	;	III
Labe	els	:	9
14.6	Special precautions for user	:	none

# 14.6 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

not applicable

## **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**GHS-Labelling** 







Signal word	Warning	
Hazard statements	:H315	Causes skin irritation.
	:H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	:H318	Causes serious eye damage.
	:H332	Harmful if inhaled.
	:H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
	:H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	:P102	Keep out of reach of children.
	:P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	:P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/face protection.
	:P302/P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
	:P391	Collect spillage.
	:P501	Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

the instructions for use.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment comply with

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

:EUH401

chlorothalonil

Supplemental Information

propiconazole

# 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance.

Version 2 Page 9 of 11



Version 2 - This version replaces all previous versions. Revision Date 25.01.2011

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Approval number, MAPP 16458.

Use plant protection products safely. Always read the label and product information before use.

Based upon SDS release dated 25/01/2011, version 2 with local amendment.

Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3:

R22	Harmful if swallowed.
R26	Very toxic by inhalation.
R36	Irritating to eyes.
R37	Irritating to respiratory system.
R40	Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
R41	Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R43	May cause sensitization by skin contact.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R52/53	Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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Version 2 Page 10 of 11